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Government Notices.

"BRITISH COLUMBIA LOAN ACT, 1876."

REDEMPTION OF DEBENTURES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to the holders of Debentures numbered from Two hundred and nine (209) to Three hundred and three (303) inclusive, that the same will be redeemed on presentation at the Treasury, Victoria, six months from date of this notice.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Minister of Finance.

Treasury Department, 14th September, 1878.

BRITISH COLUMBIA LOAN ACT, 1876.

REDEMPTION OF DEBENTURES.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the holders of Debentures numbered from eighty-five (85) to eighty-nine (89) inclusive, that the same will be redeemed on presentation at the Treasury, Victoria, six months from the date of this notice, and that all interest on the said debentures will cease on that date.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Minister of Finance.

Treasury Department,
21st September, 1878.

"BRITISH COLUMBIA LOAN ACT, 1876."

REDEMPTION OF DEBENTURES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to the holders of Debentures numbered from Three hundred and four (304) to Three hundred and twelve (312) inclusive, that the same will be redeemed six months from date of this notice, and that all interest on the said Debentures will cease on that date.

ROBERT BEAVEN,

Minister of Finance.

Victoria, 12th October, 1878.

Copy of a Report of a Committee of the Honourable the Executive Council, approved by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor on the 23rd July, 1878.

ON a Memorandum from the Honourable the Provincial Secretary, dated the 23rd day of July, 1878, reporting that the cost of administering the Courts of Revision and Appeal, "Assessment Act, 1876," appears to be excessive, and recommending the following alterations:

That the Court of Appeal for the "District of Cariboo" be held at Richfield

That the Courts of Appeal for the "District of Yale" be as follows:—E. Howard Sanders, Esq., to sit at Clinton, Cache Creek and Kamloops; M. Lumby, Esq., at Okanagan; T. Woodward, Esq., at Nicola Lake; J. C. Haynes, Esq., at Rock Creek; and R. Deighton, Esq., at Yale, for Hope, Yale and Lytton.

That the Courts of Appeal for the "District of Victoria" shall be held by C. Todd, Esq., at the usual places, and the remuneration shall be five dollars for each sitting of the Court and actual travelling expenses.

That the Courts of Appeal for the "District of Nanaimo" sit as heretofore, and the remuneration be five dollars per diem and actual travelling expenses.

That the persons appointed to form Courts of Revision and Appeal shall, in all cases, perform the duties of Clerk of the Court.

The Committee advise that the recommendation be approved.

Certified,

T. B. HUMPHREYS,
Clerk Executive Council.

Copy of a Report of a Committee of the Honourable the Executive Council, approved by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor on the 12th September, 1878.

ON a Memorandum, dated 9th September, 1878, from the Minister of Finance, recommending that he be authorized to give the six months notice provided for in Clause 3 "British Columbia Loan Act, 1876," to the holders of Ninety thousand five hundred dollars bonds issued under that Statute.

The Committee advise that the recommendation be approved.

Certified,

T. BASIL HUMPHREYS,
Clerk Executive Council.

COPY OF A REPORT OF A COMMITTEE OF THE HONOURABLE THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL, APPROVED BY HIS HONOUR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR ON THE 12TH SEPTEMBER, 1878.

ON a Memorandum, dated 12th September, 1878, from the Minister of Finance recommending that he be authorized to negotiate, contract for, sell and issue at par, Debentures amounting to one hundred and ten thousand five hundred dollars under Act No. 20, 1878, relating to the "British Columbia Loan Act, 1874 and 1876," or take in exchange therefor outstanding Debentures that have been issued under the "British Columbia Loan Acts, 1874 and 1876."

The Committee advise that the recommendation be approved.

Certified,
T. B. HUMPHREYS,
Clerk Executive Council.

COPY OF A REPORT OF A COMMITTEE OF THE HONOURABLE THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL, APPROVED BY HIS HONOUR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR ON THE 13TH SEPTEMBER, 1878.

ON a Memorandum, dated 13th September, 1878, from the Minister of Finance recommending that he be authorized to redeem and pay off any of the Debentures that have been issued for two years under the "British Columbia Loan Act, 1876," or to exchange them for Debentures to be issued under An Act relating to the British Columbia Loan Acts, 1874 and 1876."

The Committee advise that the recommendation be approved.

Certified, T. BASIL HUMPHREYS,
Clerk Executive Council.

COPY OF A REPORT OF A COMMITTEE OF THE HONOURABLE THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL, APPROVED BY HIS HONOUR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR ON THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1878.

ON a Memorandum, dated 30th December, 1878, from the Minister of Finance, reporting that the following sum should be set apart out of the General Revenue to provide a Sinking Fund to meet \$20,000 "Debentures Loan Act, 1874," payable 1st May, 1899, viz: - Five hundred and forty-three dollars, and recommending that he be authorized to invest that amount in the Savings Bank of the Dominion Government.

The Committee concur and recommend the approval of this Minute and the enclosed Warrant.

Certified, T. BASIL HUMPHREYS,
Clerk Executive Council.

COPY OF A REPORT OF A COMMITTEE OF THE HONOURABLE THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL, APPROVED BY HIS HONOUR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR ON THE 3RD JANUARY, 1879.

ON a Memorandum, dated 30th December, 1878, from the Minister of Finance, reporting that it has become necessary to allow some of the Assessors and Collectors under the Assessment Act further time to forward their Rolls, together with a list of all arrears of taxes due, showing amounts chargeable against land, to the Officer in charge of the Treasury, as provided under Section 14, "Assessment Amendment Act, 1878," and recommending that the time be extended to 28th February, 1879.

The Committee concur and recommend the approval of this Minute.

Certified, T. BASIL HUMPHREYS,
Clerk Executive Council.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE date upon which taxes become delinquent under the "Assessment and School Tax Acts," has been extended by Statute from 1st March to 30th June, 1879.

The annual taxes, therefore, remaining unpaid on the 30th day of June, 1879, will be deemed delinquent.

JAS. JUDSON YOUNG;
Deputy Treasurer.

15th February, 1879.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
12th October, 1878.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that persons, now or hereafter, requiring any of the following public documents can obtain the same on application to the Superintendent of the Government Printing Office, James' Bay, Victoria, and on payment therefor at the undermentioned rates:—

Consolidated Statutes, 1877	per vol. \$5 00
Revised Statutes, 1871.....	2 50
Appendix to do	1 50
Yearly Statutes (½ cloth)	1 50
Do. (in paper cover)	1 00
Sessional Papers.....	2 00
Journals of Legislative Assembly.....	1 50
Lists of Voters, for the whole Province	1 00
Public Schools Reports.....	0 50
Public Works Reports	0 50
Statements of Revenue & Expenditure..	0 50
Reports of Minister of Mines	0 50
Separate copies of Statutes, Estimates, Returns to Addresses of the Legislative Assembly, Reports, Lists of Voters per Districts, &c., as follows:—	
Documents of 8 pages or under.....	0 12½
,, over 8 and under 17 pages	0 25
,, 16,, 33,,	0 37½
,, 32 pages	0 50

BRITISH COLUMBIA GAZETTE.

Yearly subscription, postage paid (in advance) ...	\$5 00
Single copies.....	0 12½
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100 words or under.....	3 50
Over 100 and not exceeding 200 words	5 00
,, 200 ,,, 300 ,,,	6 00
And for every additional 100 words	1 00

By Command.

T. B. HUMPHREYS,
Provincial Secretary.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that the sale of lands for delinquent taxes, advertised to take place on the 28th January, has been postponed to the 24th February, 1879.

EDWARD GAWLER PRIOR,
Nanaimo, January 28th, 1879. Collector.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
February 14th, 1879.

THE Regulations for the open Competitive Examination for the Civil Service of India, in 1879, can be seen on application at this office.

T. BASIL HUMPHREYS,
Provincial Secretary.

CIRCULAR.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
OTTAWA, 27th January, 1879.

SIR,—I have the honour to transmit to you herewith a printed Circular Despatch from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and its enclosure, respecting a Treaty between Her Majesty and the King of Spain, for the mutual surrender of criminals.

I have to request that you will cause publicity to be given thereto in the Province of British Columbia.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) EDOUARD J. LANGEVIN,
Under Secretary of State.

To His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor
of British Columbia, Victoria, B. C.

CIRCULAR.

DOWNING STREET,
6th December, 1878.

SIR,—I have the honour to transmit to you, for publication in the Colony under your Government, a copy of a Treaty between Her Majesty and the King of Spain for the mutual surrender of Fugitive Criminals, as well as a copy of the Order in Council of the 27th November, for carrying that Treaty into effect.

It will be observed that under Article 17 the Treaty comes into operation ten days after its publication in conformity with the laws of the respective countries. It will therefore be in force in this country from the 9th instant.

I have, etc.,
(Signed) M. E. HICKS BEACH.
To the Officer administering the Government of Canada.

**EXTRACT FROM
THE LONDON GAZETTE
OF
Friday, November 29th, 1878.**

At the Court at Windsor, the 27th November, 1878.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the thirty-third and thirty-fourth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for amending the Law relating to the Extradition of Criminals," and also by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the thirty-sixth and thirty-seventh years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the Extradition Act, 1870," it was amongst other things enacted, that where an arrangement has been made with any foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any fugitive criminals, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Acts shall apply in the case of such foreign State; and that Her Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in the part of Her Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as may be deemed expedient:

And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, between Her Majesty and the King of Spain, for the mutual Extradition of Fugitive Criminals, which Treaty is in the terms following:—

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Majesty the King of Spain, having judged it expedient, with a view to the better administration of justice and the prevention of crime, that persons charged with, or convicted of the crimes hereinafter enumerated, and being fugitives from justice, should, under certain circumstances, be reciprocally delivered up, have resolved to conclude the present Treaty, and have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, namely:—

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Right Honourable Robert Arthur Talbot Gascoyne Cecil, Marquis and Earl of Salisbury, Viscount Cranborne, Dorset, and Baron Cecil of Essendine, a Peer of the United Kingdom, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, Her Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs:—

And His Majesty the King of Spain, Don Manuel Rances y Villanueva, Marquis of Casa-Laiglesia, a Senator of the Kingdom, Knight Grand Cross of the Royal and Distinguished Order of Charles III, and Knight of the First Class of the Civil Order of Beneficence of Spain; Knight Grand Cross of the Papal Order of Gregory the Great; Knight of the First Class of the Royal Order of the Red Eagle of Prussia; Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Orders of the Crown of Italy, of Frederick of Wurtemburg, and of Albert the Valorous of Saxony; of the Grand Ducal Orders of Philip the Magnanimous of Hesse-Darmstadt, of the White Hawk of Saxe-Weimar, of the Crown of Vandalia of Mecklenburgh-Schwerin, and of the Ducal Order of Adolphus of Nassau; Knight Grand Cross of the Lion and the Sun of Persia, &c., His Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, and found them in good and due form, have agreed upon the following articles:—

ARTICLE I.

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland engages to deliver up, under the circumstances and on the conditions stipulated in the present Treaty, all persons, and His Majesty the King of Spain engages to deliver up, under the like circumstances and conditions, all persons, excepting his own subjects, who, having been charged with, or convicted by the Tribunals of one of

the two High Contracting Parties, of the crimes or offences enumerated in Article II, committed in the territory of the one party, and who shall be found within the territory of the other.

ARTICLE II.

The extradition shall be reciprocally granted for the following crimes or offences:—

1. Murder (including assassination, parricide, infanticide, poisoning, or attempt to murder).

2. Manslaughter.

Administering drugs or using instruments with intent to procure the miscarriage of women.

4. Rape.

5. Aggravated or indecent assault. Carnal knowledge of a girl under the age of 10 years; carnal knowledge of a girl above the age of 10 years and under the age of 12 years; indecent assault upon any female, or any attempt to have carnal knowledge of a girl under 12 years of age.

6. Kidnapping and false imprisonment, child-stealing, abandoning, exposing or unlawfully detaining children.

7. Abduction of minors.

8. Bigamy.

9. Wounding, or inflicting grievous bodily harm.

10. Assaulting a magistrate or peace or public officer.

11. Threats by letter or otherwise with intent to extort money or other things of value.

12. Perjury, or subornation of perjury.

13. Arson.

14. Burglary or housebreaking, robbery with violence, larceny or embezzlement.

15. Fraud by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, director, member, or public officer of any company, made criminal by any law for the time being in force.

16. Obtaining money, valuable security, or goods by false pretences; receiving any money, valuable security, or other property, knowing the same to have been unlawfully obtained.

17. (a) Counterfeiting or altering money, or bringing into circulation counterfeited or altered money;

(b) Forgery or counterfeiting or altering or uttering what is forged counterfeited, or altered;

(c) Knowingly making without lawful authority any instrument, tool, or engine adapted and intended for the counterfeiting of coin of the realm.

18. Crimes against Bankruptcy Law.

19. Any malicious act done with intent to endanger persons in a railway train.

20. Malicious injury to property, if such offence be indictable.

21. Crimes committed at sea.

(a) Piracy by the law of nations.

(b) Sinking or destroying a vessel at sea, or attempting or conspiring to do so.

(c) Revolt or conspiracy to revolt by two or more persons on board a ship on the high seas against the authority of the master.

(d) Assault on board a ship on the high seas with intent to destroy life, or to do grievous bodily harm.

22. Dealing in slaves in such manner as to constitute an offence against the laws of both countries.

The extradition is also to take place for participation in any of the aforesaid crimes as an accessory before or after the fact, provided such participation be punishable by the laws of both Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE III.

The present Treaty shall apply to crimes and offences committed prior to the signature of the Treaty; but a person surrendered shall not be tried for any crime or offence committed in the other country before the extradition, other than the crime for which his surrender has been granted.

ARTICLE IV.

No person shall be surrendered if the offence in respect of which his surrender is demanded is one of a political character, or if he prove to the satisfaction of the competent authority of the State in which he is

that the requisition for his surrender has in fact been made with a view to try or punish him for an offence of a political character.

ARTICLE V.

In the States of His Majesty the King of Spain, excepting the provinces or possessions beyond sea, the proceedings for demanding and obtaining the extradition shall be as follows:—

The Diplomatic Representative of Great Britain shall send to the Minister for Foreign Affairs (*Ministro de Estado*) with the demand for extradition, an authenticated and legalized copy of the sentence or of the warrant of arrest against the person accused, clearly showing the crime or offence for which proceedings are taken against the fugitive. This judicial document shall be accompanied, if possible, by a description of the person claimed, and any other information or particulars that may serve to identify him.

These documents shall be communicated by the Minister for Foreign Affairs to the Minister of Grace and Justice, by whose Department, after examining the documents and finding that there is reason for the extradition, a Royal Order will be issued granting it, and directing the arrest of the person claimed and his delivery to the British authorities.

In virtue of the said Royal Order the Minister of the Interior (*Ministro de la Gobernacion*) will adopt the fitting measures for the arrest of the fugitive, and when this has taken place, the person claimed shall be placed at the disposal of the Diplomatic Representative who has demanded his extradition, and he shall be taken to the part of the frontier or to the seaport where the agent appointed for the purpose by Her Britannic Majesty's Government is ready to take charge of him.

In case the documents furnished by the said Government for the identification of the person claimed, or the information obtained by the Spanish authorities for the same purpose, should be considered insufficient, immediate notice thereof shall be given to the Diplomatic Representative of Great Britain, and the person under arrest shall be detained until the British Government shall have furnished fresh evidence to prove his identity or to clear up any other difficulty relative to the examination and decision of the affair.

ARTICLE VI.

In the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty, other than the Colonies or Foreign Possessions of Her Majesty, the manner of proceeding in order to demand and obtain extradition, shall be as follows:—

(A.) In the case of a person accused—The requisition for the surrender shall be made to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs by the Diplomatic Representative of His Majesty the King of Spain. The said demand shall be accompanied by a warrant of arrest or other equivalent judicial document, issued by a Judge or Magistrate duly authorized to take cognizance of the acts charged against the accused in Spain, and duly authenticated depositions or statements taken on oath before such Judge or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the said acts, and containing a description of the person claimed, and any particulars which may serve to identify him.

The said Principal Secretary of State shall transmit such documents to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, who shall then by order under his hand and seal, signify to some Police Magistrate in London that such requisition has been made, and require him, if there be due cause, to issue his warrant for the apprehension of the fugitive. On the receipt of such order from the Secretary of State, and on the production of such evidence as would, in the opinion of the Magistrate, justify the issue of the warrant if the crime had been committed in the United Kingdom, he shall issue his warrant accordingly.

When the person claimed shall have been apprehended, he shall be brought before the Magistrate who issued the warrant, or some other Police Magistrate in London. If the evidence to be then produced shall be such as to justify, according to the law of England, the committal for trial of the prisoner, if the crime of which he is accused had been committed in the United Kingdom, the Police Magistrate shall commit him to prison to await the warrant of the Secretary of State for his surrender; sending immediately to the Secretary of State a certificate of the committal and a report upon the case.

After the expiration of a period from the committal of the prisoner, which shall never be less than fifteen days, the Secretary of State shall, by order under his hand and seal, order the fugitive criminal to be surrendered to such person as may be duly authorized to receive him on the part of the Spanish Government.

(B.) In the case of a person convicted—The course of proceeding shall be the same as above indicated, except that the warrant to be transmitted by the Diplomatic Representative of Spain in support of his requisition shall clearly set forth the crime or offence of which the person claimed has been convicted, and state the place and date of his conviction.

The evidence to be produced before the Police Magistrate shall be such as would, according to the law of England, prove that the prisoner was convicted of the crime charged.

(C.) Persons convicted by judgment in default or *arrêt de contumace*, shall be, in the matter of extradition, considered as persons accused, and, as such, be surrendered.

(D.) After the Police Magistrate shall have committed the accused or convicted person to prison to await the order of the Secretary of State for his surrender, such person shall have the right to apply for a writ of *habeas corpus*; if he should so apply, his surrender must be deferred until after the decision of the Court upon the return to the writ, and even then can only take place if the decision is adverse to the applicant. In the latter case the Court may at once order his delivery to the person authorized to receive him, without the order of a Secretary of State for his surrender, or commit him to prison to await such order.

ARTICLE VII.

Warrants, depositions, or statements on oath, issued or taken in the dominions of either of the Two High Contracting Parties, and copies thereof, and certificates of or judicial documents stating the facts of conviction, shall be received in evidence in proceedings in the dominions of the other, if purporting to be signed or certified by a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of the country where they were issued or taken, provided such warrants, depositions, statements, copies, certificates, and judicial documents are authenticated by the oath of some witness, or by being sealed with the official seal of the Minister of Justice, or some other Minister of State.

ARTICLE VIII.

A fugitive criminal may be apprehended under a warrant issued by any Police Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or other competent authority in either country, on such information or complaint, and such evidence, or after such proceedings as would, in the opinion of the authority issuing the warrant, justify the issue of a warrant if the crime had been committed or the person convicted in that part of the dominions of the two Contracting Parties in which the Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or other competent authority exercises jurisdiction: Provided, however, that, in the United Kingdom, the accused shall, in such case, be sent as speedily as possible before a Police Magistrate in London. He shall, in accordance with this Article, be discharged, as well in Spain as in the United Kingdom, if, within the term of thirty days, a requisition for extradition shall not have been made by the Diplomatic Agent of his country in accordance with the stipulations of this Treaty.

The same rule shall apply to the cases of persons accused or convicted of any of the crimes or offences specified in this Treaty, and committed on the high seas on board any vessel of either country which may come into a port of the other.

ARTICLE IX.

If the fugitive criminal who has been committed to prison be not surrendered and conveyed away within two months after such committal, or within two months after the adverse decision of the Court upon the return to a writ of *habeas corpus* in the United Kingdom, he shall be discharged from custody, unless sufficient cause be shown to the contrary.

ARTICLE X.

In the Provinces beyond sea, Colonies and other Possessions beyond sea of the two High Contracting Parties, the manner of proceedings shall be as follows:—

The requisition for extradition of a fugitive criminal who has taken refuge in an over-sea Pro-

vince, Colony, or Possession of either of the two Contracting Parties, shall be made to the Governor or chief authority of such Province, Colony or Possession by the Chief Consular Officer of the other State in such Province, Colony, or Possession; or, if the fugitive has escaped from an over-sea Province, Colony, or Possession of the State on whose behalf extradition is demanded, by the Governor or chief authority of such Province, Colony or Possession.

In these cases the provisions of this Treaty shall be observed as far as possible by the respective Governors or chief authorities, who, however, shall be at liberty either to grant the extradition or to refer the decision of the matter to the Governments of their respective countries.

ARTICLE XI.

In cases where it may be necessary, the Spanish Government shall be represented at the English Courts by the Law Officers of the Crown, and the English Government in the Spanish Court by the Public Prosecutor (*Ministerio Fiscal*).

The respective Governments will give assistance to the Diplomatic Representatives who claim their intervention for the custody and security of the persons subject to extradition.

ARTICLE XII.

The claim for extradition shall not be complied with if the individual claimed has been already tried for the same offence in the country whence the extradition is demanded, or if, since the commission of the acts charged, the accusation or the conviction, exemption from prosecution or punishment has been acquired by lapse of time, according to the laws of that country.

ARTICLE XIII.

If the individual claimed by one of the two High Contracting Parties, in pursuance of the present Treaty should be also claimed by one or several other powers, on account of other crimes or offences committed upon their respective territories, his extradition shall be granted to that State whose demand is earliest in date; unless any other arrangement should exist between the different Governments to determine the preference, either on account of the gravity of the crime or offence, or for any other reason.

ARTICLE XIV.

If the individual claimed should be under prosecution, or have been condemned for a crime or offence committed in the country where he may have taken refuge, his surrender may be deferred until he shall have been set at liberty in due course of law.

In case he should be proceeded against or detained in such country, on account of obligations contracted towards private individuals, the extradition shall nevertheless take place.

ARTICLE XV.

Every article found in the possession of the individual claimed at the time of his arrest, shall, if the competent authority so decide, be seized, in order to be delivered up with his person at the time when the extradition takes place. Such delivery shall not be limited to the property or articles obtained by stealing or by fraudulent bankruptcy, but shall extend to everything that may serve as proof of the crime or offence, and shall take place even when the extradition, after having been granted, cannot be carried out by reason of the escape or death of the individual claimed.

The rights of third parties with regard to the said property or articles are nevertheless reserved.

ARTICLE XVI.

The High Contracting Parties renounce any claim for the reimbursement of the expenses incurred by them in the arrest and maintenance of the person to be surrendered, and his conveyance as far as the frontier; they reciprocally agree to bear such expenses themselves.

ARTICLE XVII.

The present Treaty shall be ratified and the ratifications shall be exchanged at London as soon as possible.

It shall come into operation ten days after its publication, in conformity with the laws of the respective countries, and each of the contracting parties may at any time terminate the Treaty on giving to the other six months' notice of its intention to do so.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at London, the fourth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

(L. S.) SALISBURY.

(L. S.) MARQUES DE CASA LAIGLESIA.

And whereas the ratifications of the said Treaty were exchanged at London on the twenty-first instant:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council and in virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said recited Acts, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the ninth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, the said Acts shall apply in the case of the said Treaty with the King of Spain.

C. L. PEEL.

LASQUETI ISLAND.

Nanaimo District.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in accordance with clause 23 of the "Land Act, 1875," that all the surveyed, unreserved, vacant Crown Land situate on Lasqueti Island, Nanaimo District, as defined on the official map, will be open for pre-emption and purchase, at 10 o'clock a.m., on Tuesday, 25th February, 1879, at the office of E. G. Prior, Esq., Government Agent, Nanaimo, with the exception of the following subdivisions:—

Section	4.
South half Section	9.
West ,	10.
Section	16.
East half Section	24.

GEO. A. WALKEM,
Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, 15th February, 1879.

Miscellaneous Notices.

NOTICE.

ON and after 1st October, 1878, all Gold Mining and Mineral Claims in Victoria District will be laid over till the 1st of May, 1879, subject to the 9th Section of the "Gold Mining Amendment Act, 1872."

GEO. A. WALKEM,
Gold Commissioner.
Victoria, October 2nd, 1878.

Insolvent Act of 1875 and amending Acts.

In the matter of J. L. JUNGERMAN, an Insolvent.

A WRIT OF ATTACHMENT has been issued in this cause, and the creditors are notified to meet at my Office, Wharf Street, in Victoria, on Wednesday, the 5th day of March, next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to receive statements of his affairs, and to appoint an Assignee if they see fit.

C. T. DUPONT,
Official Assignee.
Victoria, 21st February, 1879.

Insolvent Act of 1875 and amending Acts.

In the matter of THOMAS NICHOLAS, an Insolvent.

THE CREDITORS are notified that a meeting of the Creditors will be held at my Office, Wharf Street, Victoria, on Thursday, the 27th instant, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to take into consideration the confirmation of a resolution passed at the meeting of Creditors held on the 29th day of January, 1879, instructing the Assignee to sell by public auction the equity of redemption of the above Insolvent in the lands, goods, and chattels, and other property mortgaged by one Samuel Frances and the said Insolvent to one R. D. Chandler.

C. T. DUPONT,
Official Assignee.
Victoria, February 13th, 1879.

THE "FOREIGN COMPANIES ACT, 1876."

CHARLES H. ROBINSON, PLAINTIFF,
versus

THE TEXADA MARBLE & COMMERCIAL COMPANY,
DEFENDANT.

The Old Market, Nanaimo, B. C., Jan. 14th, 1879
Messrs. the Texada Marble and Commercial Co.

Bought of Charles H. Robinson,
Family Butcher, &c.

1878.

July 3...	60 lbs. of beef @ 7 cts. $\frac{7}{10}$ lb.....	\$ 4 20
" 17..	95 lbs of beef @ 7 cts. $\frac{7}{10}$ lb.....	6 65
Aug. 15..	62 lbs. Beef, \$4 34; bread, \$1 00; Onions, \$2 05.....	7 39
" 29..	2 lbs. steaks.....	25
" 30..	2 lbs. chops.....	28
" 30..	2 lbs. steak	25
" 31..	45 lbs beef, \$4 50; potatoes, \$1 54; mutton, 75 cts.....	6 79
Sept. 4...	Steak, 90 cts.; 75 lbs. beef, \$5 25; mutton, $62\frac{1}{2}$ cts.....	6 77 $\frac{1}{2}$
" 4...	Onions, \$3 63; turnips, \$1 04; potatoes, \$1 50.....	6 17
	Carrots	1 20
" 23..	4 mutton chops.....	56
" 26..	72 lbs. beef, \$5 04; tallow, \$3 20..	8 24
Oct. 4...	Butter, \$1 00; coffee, 50 cts.; bread, 75 cts.; potatoes, $37\frac{1}{2}$ cts.	2 62 $\frac{1}{2}$
" 4...	Mutton, $62\frac{1}{2}$ cts.; beef, \$1 20.....	1 82 $\frac{1}{2}$
" 19..	172 lbs. beef, \$12 04; 150 lbs tur- nips, \$1 50; onions, \$3 28.....	16 82
Nov. 6...	43 lbs. beef, \$3 01; bread, 50 cts.; potatoes, \$1 80.....	5 31
" 16..	43 lbs. beef, \$3 01; bread, 50 cts.; potatoes, \$1 80	5 31
" 30..	33 lbs. beef, \$2 31; mutton, \$1 37 $\frac{1}{2}$	3 68 $\frac{1}{2}$
Dec. 19..	7 lbs. steaks, 7 lbs. corned beef....	1 62 $\frac{1}{2}$
" 19..	Cabbage.....	25
" 21..	33 lbs. beef, and 5 lbs. head cheese.	4 50
	Total.....	\$ 90 70 $\frac{1}{2}$

No.

No. of plaint. 71.

In the County Court of British Columbia holden at
Nanaimo.

Between Charles H. Robinson, Plaintiff, and the
Texada Marble and Commercial Company, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear at a County
Court to be holden at Nanaimo, on Saturday, the 1st
day of March, 1879, at the hour of eleven in the fore-
noon, to answer to a claim the particulars of which
are hereunto annexed.

Dated 17th day of January, 1879.

Debt or claim..... \$ 90 70 $\frac{1}{2}$
Cost of summons or service..... 2 50

Total amount of debt and costs... \$ 93 20 $\frac{1}{2}$

EDWD. GAWLER PRIOR,
County Court Clerk.

NOTICE.

IF you are desirous of confessing the Plaintiff's
claim (by doing which you will save half the hearing
fee) you must deliver your confession to the Clerk of
the Court, five clear days before the day of appearing
to this Summons; but you may enter your confession
at any time before the day of appearing subject to the
payment of further costs.

If you and the Plaintiff can agree as to the amount
due and the mode of payment, judgment may, at any
time before the court day, be entered by the Clerk of the
Court; in which case, you and the Plaintiff must
attend at the Clerk's Office for that purpose, and no
attendance by either of you will be necessary at the
Court.

If you admit the whole or any part of the Plaintiff's
demand, by paying into the Office of the Clerk of the
Court, at the amount so admitted, together
with the costs proportionate to the amount you pay
in, five clear days before the day of appearance, you
will avoid any further costs, unless in case of part
payment, the Plaintiff, at the hearing, shall prove a
demand against you exceeding the sum so paid into
the Court.

If you intend to rely on, as a defence, a set-off, in-
fancy, coverture, a statute of limitations, or a
discharge under a Bankrupt or Insolvent Act, you
must give notice thereof to the Clerk of the Court,

five clear days before the day of hearing, and your
notice must contain the particulars required by the
rules of the Court. You must also, in any of the
above cases, then deliver to the Clerk as many copies,
as there are opposite parties, of the notice and par-
ticulars, and an additional one for the use of the Court.
If your defence be a set-off, you must within the
same time, also deliver to the Clerk a statement of the
particulars thereof. If your defence be a tender, you
must pay into Court, before or at the hearing of the
cause, the amount you allege to have been tendered.

Notices of defence cannot be received, unless the fees
for entering and transmitting the same be paid at the
time the notices are given.

If the debt or claim exceed £5, you may have the
cause tried by a jury, on giving notice thereof in
writing at the said Office of the Clerk, two clear days,
at least, before the day of trial, and on the payment of
the fees for summoning, and payable to such jury.

Summons for witnesses and the production of
documents may be obtained at the Office of the Clerk.

Hours of attendance at the Office of the Clerk, from
ten till four.

I, Charles Edward Pooley, Registrar of the
Supreme Court, hereby give notice that service of the
above process was made against the Company on the
twentieth day of January, 1879.

Dated the 20th day of January, 1879.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Registrar Supreme Court.

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

ASSESSMENT ACT AND SCHOOL TAX.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in accordance
with the Statute, that School Tax, and all Taxes
levied under the "Assessment Act, 1876," are now
due for the year 1879, and payable at my office at
Court House, New Westminster, and that on and
after the 1st day of March, 1879, the same (if unpaid)
will be delinquent, and Twenty-five per cent. will be
added thereto, and form part of such delinquent tax,
and interest shall at once attach thereon at the rate of
Eighteen per centum per annum, and unless full pay-
ment is made, that at the expiration of two
months from the said 1st day of March, the land, in
respect of which such Taxes are due, will be sold by
Public Auction, by me, for payment of said delin-
quent tax, interest, costs, and expenses.

Under the Statute the above notice is equivalent to
a personal demand by the Assessor or Collector, of all
Taxes due or payable by persons liable to pay the
same.

Dated, 2nd January, 1879.

J. C. HUGHES,
Assessor and Collector.

When Taxes are delinquent in respect of Personal
Estate, Income, or School Tax, the Assessor or Col-
lector may, by himself or his agent, levy the same,
with costs, by distress of the goods and chattels of the
person who ought to pay the same.

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

ASSESSMENT ACT AND SCHOOL TAX.

VICTORIA CITY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in accordance
with the Statute, that School Tax and all
Taxes levied under the "Assessment Act, 1876," are
now due for the year 1879, and payable at my office
at the Treasury, James' Bay, Victoria; and that on and
after the 1st day of March, 1879, the same (if unpaid)
will be delinquent, and Twenty-five per cent. will be
added thereto, and form part of such delin-
quent tax, and interest shall at once attach theron at the
rate of Eighteen per centum per annum.

Under the Statute the above notice is equivalent to
a personal demand by the Assessor or Collector, of all
Taxes due or payable by persons liable to pay the
same.

Dated, 2nd January, 1879.

A. C. MCKENZIE,
Assessor and Collector.

When Taxes are delinquent in respect of Personal
Estate, Income, or School Tax, the Assessor or Col-
lector may, by himself or his agent, levy the same
with costs, by distress of the goods and chattels of the
person who ought to pay the same.

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.**ASSESSMENT ACT AND SCHOOL TAX.****KAMLOOPS DISTRICT.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in accordance with the Statute, that School Tax, and all taxes levied under the "Assessment Act, 1876," are now due for the year 1879, and payable at my office at Kamloops, and that on and after the 1st day of March, 1879, the same (if unpaid) will be delinquent, and Twenty-Five per cent. will be added thereto, and form part of such delinquent tax, and interest shall at once attach thereon at the rate of Eighteen per centum per annum, and unless full payment is made, that, at the expiration of two months from the said 1st day of March, the land, in respect of which such taxes are due, will be sold by public auction by me for payment of said delinquent tax, interest, costs and expenses.

Under the Statute the above notice is equivalent to a personal demand by the Assessor or Collector of all taxes due or payable by persons liable to pay the same.

Dated, 2nd January, 1879.

JOHN USSHER,
Assessor and Collector,

When taxes are delinquent in respect of Personal Estate, Income, or School Tax, the Assessor or Collector may, by himself or his agent, levy the same, with costs, by distress of the goods and chattels of the person who ought to pay the same.

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.**ASSESSMENT ACT AND SCHOOL TAX.**

DISTRICTS OF VICTORIA, LAKE, SAANICH, ESQUIMALT, METCHOSIN, HIGHLAND AND SOOKE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in accordance with the Statute, that School Tax, and all Taxes levied under the "Assessment Act, 1876," are now due for the year 1879, and payable at my office at the Treasury, James Bay, Victoria, and that on and after the 1st day of March, 1879, the same (if unpaid) will be delinquent, and Twenty-five per cent. will be added thereto, and form part of such delinquent tax, and interest shall at once attach thereon at the rate of Eighteen per centum per annum, and unless full payment is made, that at the expiration of two months from the said 1st day of March, the land, in respect of which such Taxes are due, will be sold by Public Auction, by me, for payment of said delinquent tax, interest, costs, and expenses.

NOTICE OF SALE FOR DELINQUENT TAXES.

List of Taxes delinquent on the 1st day of January, 1879, in the Lytton and Cache Creek Polling Division of the Electoral District of Yale.

Name of person assessed.	Description of Tax.	Description of the parcels, sections, or lots.	Amount of unpaid Tax on the Revised Roll, 1876-1877, 1878	25 per cent. added for delinquency.	Total Tax delinquent on the 1st January 1879.	Interest at 1½ per cent. per month from the day of sale.	Charges and costs.
Adup, Pierre.....	Real and School	89 Mile Post.....	\$ 6 33	\$ 1 85	\$ 8 18		
Chapman, James ...	Wild Land....	Lytton	65 00	16 25	\$1 25		
Duball, John...	Real, Personal, School	Nicola River	27 00	6 75	33 75		
Gougett, Noel.....	Personal and School ...	Thompson River.....	20 00	5 00	25 00		
Hautier, Louis	Real and School	Lytton	31 00	8 50	42 50		
Moren, Pierre	" "	Spence's Bridge	19 32	4 83	24 15		
Roberts, John.....	" "	Forster Bar	6 33	1 58	7 91		
Perault, Frank	" "	Thompson River.....	13 66	3 16	20 82		
Watkinson, Joseph..	" "	Forster Bar	12 66	3 16	15 82		

And unless the above mentioned delinquent taxes, with interest that may be due, together with charges and costs, are sooner paid, I shall proceed to sell the parcels of land by Public Auction, at my Office, Lytton, on the 1st day of March, 1879.

GEORGE CONON,
Assessor and Collector.

Under the Statute the above notice is equivalent to a personal demand by the Assessor or Collector, of all Taxes due or payable by persons liable to pay the same.

Dated, 2nd January, 1879.

A. C. MCKENZIE,
Assessor and Collector.

When Taxes are delinquent in respect of Personal Estate, Income, or School Tax, the Assessor or Collector may, by himself or his agent, levy the same, with costs, by distress of the goods and chattels of the person who ought to pay the same.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.**Substance of Rules Relating to Notices for Private Bills.**

PARTIES intending to apply to Parliament for Private Bills giving any exclusive privilege, or profit, or private or corporate advantage, or for the amendment of any former act of a like nature, are notified that by the Rules of the two Houses of Parliament, published at length in the *Canada Gazette*, they are required to give two month's notice of their intended application in the *Canada Gazette*, and in a newspaper of the County or District affected, and to transmit to the Clerk of each House copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice.

In Quebec and Manitoba, the Notice is to be published in the English and French languages.

Every applicant for a private Bill is required, eight days before the opening of Parliament, to deposit with the Clerk of the House in which the Bill is to originate, a copy of such Bill with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation and printing of the same.

Between the second reading of the Bill and its consideration by the Committee to whom it is referred, the applicant is to pay a fee of \$200, besides the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes.

No petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the expiration of the first ten days of the Session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Clerk of the Commons,
Ottawa, September 24th, 1878. Canada.

GOLD COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

ON and after the 1st November next, all claims in the Cariboo District may be laid over till the 20th May, 1879, subject to the 9th Section of the "Gold Mining Amendment Act, 1872."

H. M. BALL,
Richfield, October 4th, 1878. Gold Commissioner.

NOTICE OF SALE FOR DELINQUENT TAXES.

List of Taxes delinquent on the 1st day of January, 1879, in the Lytton and Cache Creek Polling Division of the Electoral District of Yale.

Name of person assessed.	Description of Tax.	Description of the parcels, sections, or lots.	Amount of unpaid Tax on the Revised Roll, 1876-1877, 1878	25 per cent. added for delinquency.	Total Tax delinquent on the 1st January 1879.	Interest at 1½ per cent. per month from the day of sale.	Charges and costs.
Adup, Pierre.....	Real and School	89 Mile Post.....	\$ 6 33	\$ 1 85	\$ 8 18		
Chapman, James ...	Wild Land....	Lytton	65 00	16 25	\$1 25		
Duball, John...	Real, Personal, School	Nicola River	27 00	6 75	33 75		
Gougett, Noel.....	Personal and School ...	Thompson River.....	20 00	5 00	25 00		
Hautier, Louis	Real and School	Lytton	31 00	8 50	42 50		
Moren, Pierre	" "	Spence's Bridge	19 32	4 83	24 15		
Roberts, John.....	" "	Forster Bar	6 33	1 58	7 91		
Perault, Frank	" "	Thompson River.....	13 66	3 16	20 82		
Watkinson, Joseph..	" "	Forster Bar	12 66	3 16	15 82		

And unless the above mentioned delinquent taxes, with interest that may be due, together with charges and costs, are sooner paid, I shall proceed to sell the parcels of land by Public Auction, at my Office, Lytton, on the 1st day of March, 1879.

GEORGE CONON,
Assessor and Collector.

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

ASSESSMENT ACT AND SCHOOL TAX.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with the Statute, that School Tax, and all Taxes levied under the "Assessment Act, 1876," are now due for the year 1879, and payable at my office at Yale, for the Hope and Yale Division of the Yale Electoral District, and that on and after the 1st day of March, 1879, the same (if unpaid) will be delinquent, and Twenty-five per cent. will be added thereto, and form part of such delinquent tax, and interest shall at once attach thereon at the rate of Eighteen per centum per annum, and unless full payment is made, that at the expiration of two months from the said 1st day of March, the land, in respect of which such taxes are due, will be sold by Public Auction, by me, for payment of said delinquent tax, interest, costs, and expenses.

Under the Statute the above notice is equivalent to a personal demand by the Assessor or Collector, of all Taxes due or payable by persons liable to pay the same.

Dated, 2nd January, 1879.

WILLIAM TEAGUE,
Assessor and Collector.

When taxes are delinquent in respect of Personal Estate, Income, or School Tax, the Assessor or Collector may, by himself or his agent, levy the same with costs, by distress of the goods and chattels of the person who ought to pay the same.

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

ASSESSMENT ACT AND SCHOOL TAX.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in accordance with the Statute, that School Tax, and all Taxes levied under the "Assessment Act, 1876," are now due for the year 1879, and payable at my office at Lytton, and that on and after the 1st day of March, 1879, the same (if unpaid) will be delinquent, and Twenty-five per cent. will be added thereto, and form part of such delinquent tax, and interest shall at once attach thereon at the rate of Eighteen per centum per annum, and unless full payment is made, that at the expiration of two months from the said 1st day of March, the land, in respect of which such taxes are due, will be sold by Public Auction, by me, for payment of said delinquent tax, interest, costs, and expenses.

Under the Statute the above notice is equivalent to a personal demand by the Assessor or Collector, of all Taxes due or payable by persons liable to pay the same.

Dated, 2nd January, 1879.

GEORGE COXON,
Assessor and Collector.

When Taxes are delinquent in respect of Personal Estate, Income, or School Tax, the Assessor or Collector may, by himself or his agent, levy the same, with costs, by distress of the goods and chattels of the person who ought to pay the same.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Private Bills.

ALL applications for Private Bills, properly the subject of legislation by the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, within the purview of the "British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road, or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam, or Slide, or other like work; the granting of a right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular trade or calling, or of any Joint Stock Co.; or otherwise for granting to any individual or individuals any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act,—shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application to be published as follows:—

A notice inserted in the BRITISH COLUMBIA GAZETTE, and in one newspaper published in the District affected, or if there be no newspaper published therein, then in a newspaper in the next nearest District in which a newspaper is published.

Such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks, during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition.

Before any Petition, praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge is presented to the House, the person or persons intending to petition for such Bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rule, also at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and mentioning also whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

ELI HARRISON, JR.,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
October 4th, 1878.

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER the 23rd November, 1878, all Gold Mining and Mineral Claims, in Yale District, will be laid over till the 1st May, 1879, subject to the 9th Section of the "Gold Mining Amendment Act, 1872."

GEO. A. WALKEM,
Victoria, 23rd November, 1878. Gold Commissioner.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that it is my intention, 3 months from this date, to apply for admission as an Attorney-at-Law in the Supreme Court of British Columbia, pursuant to the "Legal Professions Amendment Act, 1878."

JOHN PATMORE WALLS,
Victoria. B. C., January 3rd, 1879.

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER the 1st day of November next, all Mining Claims legally held in the Kootenay District will be laid over until the 1st day of June, 1879, subject to the 97th section of the "Gold Mining Ordinance, 1867."

WILLIAM FERNIE,
*Wild Horse Creek, Government Agent.
Kootenay, October 14th, 1878.*

GOLD COMMISSIONER'S COURT, CASSIAR.

ON and after the 1st of October next, all Mining Claims in the Cassiar District will be laid over till the 15th of June, 1879, subject to the 9th Section of the "Gold Amendment Act, 1872."

LAKETON,
7th September, 1878. A. W. VOWELL,
Gold Commissioner.

NOTICE.

ON and after the 22nd February, 1879, all Gold Mining and Mineral Claims in Lillooet District, will be laid over till the 1st May, 1879, subject to the 9th Section of the "Gold Mining Amendment Act, 1872."

GEO. A. WALKEM,
Victoria, February 22nd, 1879. Gold Commissioner.